

2021 COS ECRUM

October 27, 2021

Halliburton - Risk Management and 5 Checks to Go







Legacy JSA's

- Job Safety Analysis Developed by supervisor, read to crew
- No standard hazard identification methodology Focused on the familiar
- Employee's felt JSA was only another form to be completed
- Led to inconsistent JSA quality and pre-job meeting effectiveness

Job Safety Analysis									
Basic Job Steps	Potential Hazards	Controls and Mitigations	Assigned to						
1. Hold Safety Meeting	Lack of understanding	Speak up if you don't understand	All						
	Slips, trips, and falls. Pinch points and line of fire	Watch out for slip, trip, and falls PPE, be aware of pinch points	All						
3. Spot equipment	Overhead loads/drops, line of fire	Personal awareness, use taglines, PPE	All						











Risk Management Process

PLAN



Operational leaders and **Risk Assessment Team**

RISK ASSESSMENT

Control risks to acceptable level during service planning

A collaborative "PROCESS", conducted as part of business, product, and service delivery planning.

EXECUTE



Frontline leaders and employees

Job Safety Analysis

Determine if risks are controlled or if additional controls are needed before job starts

A continuous "PROCESS" where frontline leaders and crew assess risks in each step of the task.

5 Checks to GO 1 Review Plan 2 Verify Readiness

- 3 What's Different?
- 4 Validate Controls
- 5 Final Check

Frontline leaders and employees

5 CHECKS TO GO

Review the plan, work preparation, and situational hazard awareness

Provides a structured, consistent and disciplined approach to holding team conversations.

Ask "what's different?"

ASSURE



Frontline leaders and employees, **Operational Leaders**

LESSONS LEARNED

Identify, share and implement opportunities

Lessons learned documented during post job review to support sustainable continuous improvement.



Risk Management and 5 Checks to Go STARTING WORK IS NOT STEP #1



- REVIEW PLAN
 - Review your risk analysis, procedures and manuals, personnel training and competency, communication
- VERIFY READINESS

 Check equipment, tools, certifications and calibrations, backups, RED Zone, walk the line
- WHAT'S DIFFERENT?

 Adjust your JSA if something is out of plan, identify responsible parties and tasks, check working conditions
- VALIDATE CONTROLS

 Make sure the controls are in place and working. Identify lines of fire and escape routes
- FINAL CHECK

 Review the contingency and emergency response plan. Get supervisor approval before starting work



J	JSA - Job/Process Description:									
r	PSL/Support Function Sub PSL	Location	Date Completed / Revised	Core JSA ID # Core JSA Version	Approver	Minimum PPE Required	Supervisor Conducting Toolbox Talk, JSA, Pre-Tour 5 Checks to GO - Printed Name Below			
Γ							(Print Name)			
H	IISE STOP VORK AUTHORITY A	ND NOTIFY YOUR SUPERVISOR	WHEN YOU BELIEVE AN II	MMINENT DANGER OR I	RISK HAS NOT BEEN IDENT	IFIED OR MAY NOT BE	// applicable - Person In (Charge / Ultimate Work Authority (Print and Sign)		
	USE STOP WORK NOTHORITT A	ND NOTIFT TOOK SOFERTISON	ADEQUATELY CONTR		HISK HAS NOT BEEN IDEN	IFIED ON MAT NOT BE				
		5 Checks to GO								
	Check 1 Review Plan	eview any previously identified hazards (if prepopulated below), along with all work instructions such as DOS, procedures, checklists, etc. Verify Tasks are clear and understood, Confirm ommunication methods such as Radios / Hand Signals / Signage - Verify Competency and Operator Qualifications.								
	Check 2 Verify Readiness	Walk the line" to ensure proper rig up, fluid movements, valve alignment, equipment set up, etc. Check equipment is certified, calibrated, in operable condition, safety guards in place, pre-run necks are complete. Ensure good housekeeping practices, red zones, line of fire and drop zones are effectively implemented. Check for simultaneous operations. Will your work affect theirs, ill their work affect yours?								
Ш	Check 3	sk team members open-ende	sk team members open-ended questions regarding the plan, roles and responsibilities using the 10 Key Hazards list. Use the section below to document hazards that can't be immediately							
Œ										
TO NET HAZANDS - BIOLOGICAL CHEMICAL ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT/MACHINERY/TOOLS GRAVITY MUSCULAR ERGONOMICS NOISE RADIATION STORED ENERGY THERMAL										
Steps associated with the activity		HAZARD CATEGORY From 10 Key Hazards	and the most likely consequence. (E.g., Chemical - Employee could be splashed with acid causing a chemical burn)		(Use the highest feasib	(Use the highest feasible level of control) Eliminate, Substitute, Engineer, Admin, PPE				
T										
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L										
	Check 4 Validate Controls	erify all controls are in place according to Core JSA or JSA and validate their effectiveness. Confirm escape routes and ask team members "where will you go or what will you do if something bes wrong?"								
Ī	Check 5 Final Check	re all contingencies in place? Final walk the line. 100% ready to go? Team Lead/Supervisor approval and signature required rior to starting work.								
V.	After Action Review / Additional Discussion Points or Notes									
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L										
JSA Participant - Print Name		What's Your Role? Company Name		I have read and understood the risks and controls listed above - (Signature)						
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H										

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Halliburton Digital Service Delivery Platform

- Centralized Database
- Shareable
- Efficiency
- Frontline Control
- Change Communication



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before performing any type of work, makes the hazards feel relevant to me, today."





"Feels like we are more focused on the task at hand when we have to pause and answer questions about potential hazards, roles and next steps"